*The following table was prepared by PIRE in response to a request within ADAP for data on substance use among LGBT young adults in Vermont. Other documents available on the Vermont PFS/RPP Evaluation website provide additional background on the Vermont Young Adult Survey.*

**Prevalence rates for LGBT and non-LGBT respondents: 2018 Vermont Young Adult Survey**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **LGBT1** | **Non-LGBT** | Statistical Significance of Difference2 |
| Unweighted N: | (532) | (1582) |  |
| Alcohol use past 30 days | 73.1 | 75.7 |  |
| Binge drinking past 30 days | 48.1 | 51.3 |  |
| Marijuana use past 30 days | 49.6 | 42.2 | +++ |
|  Percent of users who used 20+ days | 43.4 | 45.0 |  |
| Cigarette use past 30 days | 25.8 | 19.9 | +++ |
| E-cigarette or vaping device past 30 days | 20.5 | 21.0 |  |
| Any misuse of any Rx drug in past year | 19.2 | 14.7 | ++ |
| Any misuse of Rx pain relievers in past year | 5.5 | 2.8 | +++ |
| Any misuse of Rx sedatives in past year | 6.5 | 4.4 | + |
| Any misuse of Rx stimulants in past year | 15.2 | 11.3 | ++ |

1LGBT status was assigned if gender identity was reported as transgender or other OR sexual orientation was reported as gay or lesbian, bisexual, or “unsure or other.” The weighted percent of respondents who self-reported as LGBT was 24%.

2Significance levels for comparing LGBT with non-LGBT: + p<.10 ++ p<.05 +++ p<.01